Geometric Hecke Periods

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F = global field,
$$G = GL_2$$
, $H = \mathbb{G}_m = \begin{pmatrix} * & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\blacktriangleright [G] = G(F) \backslash G(\mathbb{A})$$

Theorem (Hecke, Maaß)

- Let $f \in \mathcal{A}_{cusp}([G]/K)$ be an unramified eigenform.
- Assume f Whittaker normalized.

Then

$$L(\frac{1}{2},\pi_f,\mathbf{std})=\int_{[H]}f$$

Relative Langlands duality (Ben-Zvi-Sakellaridis-Venkatesh)

This is an instance of duality between Hamiltonian varieties

$$(T^*\check{X} \circlearrowleft \check{G}) \longleftrightarrow (T^*X \circlearrowright G)$$
$$\check{X} = \mathbf{std} = \mathbb{A}^2 \longleftrightarrow X = H \backslash G = \mathbb{G}_m \backslash \mathsf{GL}_2$$

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Question: Can we categorify Hecke period via geometric Langlands?

▶ $F = \mathbb{F}_q(C)$, $C_{/\mathbb{F}_q}$ smooth projective curve, $G = GL_2$

Automorphic side

Spectral side

- Langlands correspondence: $\pi_f \longleftrightarrow \sigma : \pi_1(C) \to \check{G}$
- $\sigma \longleftrightarrow E_{\sigma}$ rank 2 local system on C
- ► $L(s, \pi, \mathbf{std}) = L(s, \sigma)$ Artin *L*-function: given by Frobenius eigenvalues
- Grothendieck–Lefschetz trace formula:

$$L(s,\sigma) = \mathsf{Tr}(\mathsf{Frob}_q q^{-s}, \mathsf{Sym} \, H^{\bullet}_{\mathrm{\acute{e}t}}(C_{\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q}, E_{\sigma}))$$

$$\mathbb{C}_{E_{\sigma}} \mapsto \operatorname{Sym} H^{\bullet}_{\operatorname{\acute{e}t}}(C_{\overline{\mathbb{F}}_{\sigma}}, E_{\sigma})$$

 $\mathcal{P}_X: D(\mathsf{Bun}_G) \to \mathsf{Vect}$

Categorical geometric Langlands conjecture (GLC)

Replace $\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q$ with \mathbb{C} , sheaves with complexes of D-modules.

 $\operatorname{QCoh}'(\operatorname{Loc}_{\check{G}}) \cong D(\operatorname{Bun}_{G})$

skyscraper $\mathbb{C}_E \longleftrightarrow$ Hecke eigensheaf \mathcal{F}_E

Loc_Ğ is the stack of rank 2 local systems on C

Want: Functors $\operatorname{QCoh}'(\operatorname{Loc}_{\check{G}}) \to \operatorname{Vect} \stackrel{\mathsf{GLC}}{\longleftrightarrow} D(\operatorname{Bun}_{\mathcal{G}}) \to \operatorname{Vect}$

By miraculous duality [Drinfeld–Gaitsgory], equivalent to asking for specific objects to match in QCoh'(Loc_Ğ) ≅ D(Bun_G).

Relative Langlands Duality: $\check{X} = \mathbf{std}, \ X = \mathbb{G}_m \backslash \mathrm{GL}_2$



Conjecture (Drinfeld, Ben-Zvi–Sakellaridis–Venkatesh)

$$\Pi^{\operatorname{spec}}_*(\omega_{\operatorname{Loc}_{\check{X}}}) \stackrel{\operatorname{\mathsf{GLC}}}{\longleftrightarrow} \Pi_!(\mathbb{C}_{\operatorname{\mathsf{Bun}}_X})$$

$$\operatorname{QCoh}'(\operatorname{Loc}_{\check{G}}) \stackrel{\operatorname{GLC}}{\cong} D(\operatorname{Bun}_G)$$

• $\check{X} = \mathbb{A}^2$ has two \check{G} -orbits: 0 and $\mathbb{A}^2 - 0 = \check{G}/\check{M}$ ir₂.

This gives a distinguished triangle

$$\mathscr{L}_{\mathsf{std}} \to \Pi^{\mathsf{spec}}_{*}(\omega_{\mathsf{Loc}_{\check{X}}}) \to \mathsf{Eis}^{\mathsf{spec}}_{\check{\mathsf{Mir}}_{2}}(\omega_{\mathsf{Loc}_{\mathbb{G}_{m}}}) \to [1]$$

Theorem (Feng-W)

There exist distinguished triangles with "graded pieces" matching under GLC:

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathscr{L}_{\mathsf{std}} & \longrightarrow \Pi^{\mathsf{spec}}_{*}(\omega_{\mathsf{Loc}_{\tilde{X}}}) & \longrightarrow \mathsf{Eis}^{\mathsf{spec}}_{\mathsf{Mir}_{2}}(\omega_{\mathsf{Loc}_{\mathbb{G}_{m}}}) & \longrightarrow [1] \\ & \uparrow^{}_{\mathsf{GLC}} & \uparrow^{}_{\mathsf{GLC}} \\ & \mathbb{T}_{\mathsf{Sym}(\mathsf{std})}(\mathsf{Whit}) & \longrightarrow \Pi_{!}(\mathbb{C}_{\mathsf{Bun}_{X}}) & \longrightarrow \mathsf{Eis}_{\mathsf{Mir}_{2},!}(\mathbb{C}_{\mathsf{Bun}_{\mathbb{G}_{m}}}) & \longrightarrow [1] \end{array}$$

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